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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): MÖLNLYCKE AB [SE/SE]; S-405 03 Göteborg (SE). (72) Inventor; and (75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): ROMARE, Anette [SE/SE]; Guldvingegatan 13, S-431 63 Mölndal (SE). (74) Agents: HYLTNER, Jan-Olof et al.; Noréns Patentbyrå AB, P.O. Box 27034, S-102 51 Stockholm (SE).			
(54) Title: A PANT DIAPER OR SANITARY PANTY HAVING A DETACHABLY CONNECTED FRONT PART (57) Abstract			
<p>The present invention relates to a pant diaper or a sanitary panty which includes a front part (6), a rear part (7), and an intermediate crotch part (8), which includes an absorbent body (1) enclosed between an inner and an outer casing sheet (2 and 3 respectively), wherein the front part is detachably jointed to the rear part by means of a first fastening (10). According to the invention a piece (9) of flexible material extends over the front part (6) and is joined thereto over a large part of its surface by means of a first releasable fastening (10), which extends on both sides of a centrally located region (11) of said piece (9), from the side edges of said central region (11) to respective side edges of said front part (6), and that the piece of material (9) is also joined to the rear part (7).</p>			

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A pant diaper or sanitary panty having a detachably connected front part

The present invention relates to a pant diaper or a sanitary panty which includes a front part, a rear part and an intermediate crotch part and an absorbent body enclosed between an inner and an outer casing sheet, wherein the front 5 part is detachably joined to the rear part by means of a first fastening.

So-called all-in-one diapers are being replaced to an ever greater extent with pant diapers, sometimes called training 10 pants, for slightly older diaper-wearing children. Pant diapers have a number of good features. They fit well on the wearer, are easy to put on and take off with the child in a standing position, sit firmly in place after having been put on to a child, and conform to the anatomy of the child as the 15 child moves, in a comfortable fashion. Pant diapers also resemble conventional underpants and it is easy to understand how the pant diaper shall be used, thereby in many instances enabling somewhat older diaper-wearing children to perform themselves the simple operations required when putting on the 20 pant diaper. Pant diapers, however, also have certain drawbacks. They are difficult to change with the user lying on his/her back and when changing the pant diaper it is necessary to remove completely any article of clothing that is worn on top of the diaper. Neither can a used pant diaper be rolled-up 25 and sealed in a bag in the same way that an all-in-one diaper can. In addition, a soiled pant diaper that contains feces is liable to soil the wearer when removing the pant diaper.

GB-A-2 267 024 teaches a pant diaper of the aforesaid kind 30 which is intended to eliminate these drawbacks. The first releasable fastening is comprised of weakening lines in the front part, close to respective side edges thereof, and the refastenable fastening is comprised of fasteners of the hook and loop type attached to flaps which extend from respective 35 side-edge connections between the front and rear part, slightly inwards over the front part. Many hand maneuvers are

required to open such a pant diaper, while opening of the pant diaper is made difficult by the fact that the weakening lines are relatively inaccessible. Moreover, the join formed by the weakening lines complicates manufacture of the pant diaper.

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An object of the present invention is to provide a pant diaper which, similar to the aforesaid known pant diaper, eliminates the drawbacks of conventional pant diapers, and which can be opened easily with a few hand movements and which can be 10 readily manufactured.

This object is achieved in accordance with the invention with a pant diaper or sanitary panty of the kind defined in the introduction which is characterized in that a piece of 15 flexible material extends over said front part and is joined thereto over a large part of its surface by a first releasable fastening which extends on both sides of a centrally located region of the piece of material, from the side edges of the central region to respective side edges of the front part, and 20 in that said piece of material is also joined to the rear part. Because the first fastening extends over a large surface, it is possible to dimension this fastening with a high degree of safety so that the forces that are generated when the pant diaper is in use, particularly when putting-on 25 the pant diaper, will be taken-up by the first fastening with a good margin, while, at the same time, enabling the fastening to be readily released by successively removing the piece of flexible material from said front part.

30 In one preferred embodiment of the invention said piece of material is connected refastenably with the front part by means of a second fastening and the first fastening means is destroyed when releasing the fastening. The first fastening may conveniently consist of a sparsely configured weld or glue pattern, and the piece of material is elastic and mounted in a stretched state, so as to function as waist elastic. Provided 35 in the centre region of said piece of material is a means for

dividing said piece into two parts which extend from the central region to respective side edges of the pant diaper, and a second refastenable fastening is provided between the piece of material and said front part, on both sides of a 5 longitudinal symmetry line of the pant diaper, within said central region, said fastening joining each of the two parts of the piece of material to the front pant diaper part.

10 The invention will now be described with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which

Figure 1 is a schematic front view of one embodiment of an inventive pant diaper,

15 Figure 2 is a front view of the pant diaper of Figure 1 and shows the diaper in an opened-out state, and

Figure 3 is a view similar to Figure 1 of a second embodiment of an inventive pant diaper.

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Figures 1 and 2 illustrate a pant diaper according to a first embodiment of the invention. A pant diaper is intended to be put on in the same way as a pair of underpants, and is characterized by an elastic waist part which can be stretched

25 so as to enable the pant diaper to be easily pulled over the wearer's hips when putting on and taking-off the pant diaper, and which has an elasticity such as to ensure that when worn the pant diaper will be held securely in place by the contraction forces exerted by the elastication in the waist part

30 of the pant diaper. In order to fulfill these functional requirements while, at the same time, limiting the number of product sizes, the pant diaper will preferably have a stretch which is greater than 80%, i.e. it shall be possible to stretch the waist part to an extent which corresponds to 1,8

35 times the circumference of the waist part of a pant diaper in a relaxed or non-stretched state. When the diaper is worn, the combined contraction force in the waist part, i.e. the sum of

the forces exerted by the elastic provided in the front part, the rear part and the side parts will preferably exceed 3 N.

The pant diaper illustrated in Figure 1 and 2 is suitably
5 constructed in the same way as the pant diaper described in
Swedish Patent Application No. 9200663-4, and will include an
absorbent body 1 enclosed between an inner and an outer casing
sheet 2 and 3 respectively. The inner casing sheet 2 is
liquid-permeable and is comprised, for instance, of nonwoven
10 material compiled from fibres of polyethylene, polypropylene,
polyester or mixtures thereof. Viscose fibres may also be
used. It is also conceivable to form the inner casing sheet
from a perforated plastic sheet, for instance a perforated
polyethylene sheet. The outer casing sheet 3 is liquid-
15 impermeable or at least hydrophobic and may, for instance,
comprise a sheet of polyethylene or nonwoven material which
has been coated with or laminated with polyolefins so as to
become liquid-impermeable or at least hydrophobic. For
aesthetic and psychological reasons, the outer casing sheet 3
20 may be comprised of two layers, an inner, liquid impermeable
layer and a layer of textile-like material placed outside the
inner layer. The wearer will then see and feel the pant diaper
as being less of a plastic garment. When the outer casing
sheet has this latter construction, it is not necessary for
25 the liquid-impermeable sheet to have the same extension as the
textile or fabric-like sheet, but may be smaller than said
sheet, for instance liquid-impermeable casing material can be
omitted from the side parts of the pant diaper.

30 The absorbent body 1 may, for instance, contain cellulose
fluff pulp with or without an admixture of particles of so-
called superabsorbent material and/or thermoplastic melt
fibres, and may be comprised of one or more layers.

35 Similar to a pair of underpants, the pant diaper illustrated
in Figure 1 and 2 has a waist opening and two leg openings,
which are provided conventionally with leg elastic 4, 5. The

pant diaper is put on by inserting the legs of the wearer through the leg openings and then drawing the pant diaper up over the wearer's hips. The contraction forces exerted by the elastic elements in the waist opening, i.e. in the uppermost

5 part of the waist part, are preferably greater than the contraction forces exerted in the remainder of the waist part. This will ensure that the pant diaper remains seated in its intended position, even when the absorbent body is saturated with absorbed urine.

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The pant diaper includes a front part 6, a rear part 7 and an intermediate crotch part 8. A piece of material 9, which is made of fibrous nonwoven material or of plastic material and which is elastic or has been made elastic in some suitable 15 manner, extends transversely across the front part 6 between its side edges, and is joined to the rear part at those portions thereof which lie laterally outside the front part of the pant diaper. The piece 9 is joined to the outer casing sheet 3 of the front part of the pant diaper by a sparsely 20 configured pattern of welding or gluing points 10, this pattern extending over essentially the whole of said piece of material with the exception of a region 11 which is central in relation to the longitudinal symmetry line of the pant diaper. The piece of material 9 is divided into two parts 13, 14, by a 25 separation line 12 which extends along the longitudinal symmetry line of the pant diaper. Refastenable fastener means are mounted within the central region 11 on both sides of the separation line 12. These refastenable fastener means may, for instance, have the form of hook and loop means, for instance 30 of the Velcro-type with the outwardly projecting hook means containing male parts 15, 16 provided on the piece of material 9. In the illustrated embodiment, the looped female parts 17 of the fastener devices are integrated to form a band or strip mounted on the casing sheet 3.

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As will be seen from Figures 1 and 2, the aforesaid two parts 13, 14 form flaps which projects out from the casing sheet of

the rear part of the pant diaper and are thus integral with said rear part. It will be understood, however, that the two parts 13, 14 may instead be comprised of pieces that are separate from the rear part of the pant diaper and which have 5 been attached to the side edges thereof in some suitable manner, for instance welded thereto.

The described pant diaper can be removed and changed without needing to remove trousers or a like garment worn on top of 10 the pant diaper, simply by gripping the loose flaps formed by the separating line 12 in the central region 11, and pulling the two parts 13, 14 of the piece 9 loose from the front part 6. This is easily done, since only a few of the fastening points 10 between the outer casing sheet 3 and the piece of 15 material 9 need be broken simultaneously when pulling the parts 13, 14 from the front part of the pant diaper. When the parts 13, 14 have been loosened completely from the front part, the pant diaper will have the configuration shown in Figure 2 in which the front part is no longer connected to the 20 rear part. The rear part or the front part of the pant diaper can then be inserted between the legs of the wearer. A replacement pant diaper can then be placed on the wearer, by loosening the front part of the pant diaper in the aforescribed manner and then inserting the front or the rear 25 part of the replacement diaper between the wearer's legs. The side parts are then fastened together, by refastening the pant diaper with the aid of the fastener means 15-17, whereafter the pant diaper can be pulled up to its correct final position in the same way as a pair of underpants, unless, of course, 30 this has already been done in conjunction with refastening the pant diaper.

The removed pant diaper is rolled-up with the parts 13, 14 positioned as shown in Figure 2, and the thus rolled-up pant 35 diaper is secured in package form, by tying together the pants diaper parts 13, 14 or by means of the fasteners 15-17.

The aforescribed pant diaper can thus be opened by means of the readily accessible flaps, with just a few hand movements and in a simple and easily understood manner. It is also easy to dimension the fastening pattern so that the piece of

5 material will remain securely fastened to the front part of the pant diaper in the case of all conceivable loads that can occur when using and handling the pant diaper, and at the same time to ensure that the number of fastening points that need to be broken simultaneously in order to release the piece of

10 material from the outer casing sheet are so few in number as to enable the piece of material to be loosened by a suitable small force. The fastening pattern need not be homogenous, but may conveniently be more dense or have a greater strength at the side-edge portions of the front part of the pant diaper

15 and the upper corner portions of said parts, so as to prevent these portions being folded-in against the wearer's body when putting-on the pant diaper. In Figure 3 a second embodiment of a pant diaper according to the invention having such an inhomogenous fastening pattern is illustrated. The pant diaper

20 of Figure 3 differs from the diaper of Figure 1 only in that it is provided with a different fastening pattern. Elements in the pant diaper shown in Figure 3 similar to corresponding elements in Figure 1 are therefore given the same reference numerals as in Figure 1 with the addition of one hundred, and

25 need not be further described. In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 3 the inhomogenous pattern of fastening points 110 is interrupted on both sides of the central region 111 so that no fastening points are present in an area located between the central region and the respective side-edge portion. In order

30 to permit such an interrupted pattern of fastening points and still enabling the loosening of the piece of material 109 by a suitable small force the sum of the areas containing fastening points must be sufficiently large. The material piece 109 of the embodiment disclosed in Figure 3 should therefore have a

35 sparsely configured pattern of fastening points 110 on at least 50% of its area, and preferably 75% of its area.

An inventive pant diaper is also easy to manufacture, since the manufacturing processes applied may be those applied conventionally with the addition of an extra welding or gluing operation. A used pant diaper can also be handled in a manner 5 which is satisfactory from the aspect of hygiene.

In one variant of the described embodiments, an open pant diaper is refastened by tying together the separate parts 13, 14 and 113, 114 of the respective material piece 9, 109. This 10 variant requires no refastenable fasteners of the Velcro-type or any other type.

In the described embodiments, the pieces of material 9, 109 form the waist elastic and is therefore mounted in a stretched 15 state, wherein the rear part of the pant diaper may be provided with conventional waist elastic or may be free of such elastic. In another variant of the illustrated pant diapers, the pieces of material 9, 109 may also extend transversely across and be fastened to the rear part of the 20 pant diaper, to form an all-round waist elastic.

In another embodiment of the invention (not shown) the means joining the piece of material and the front part of the pant diaper is refastenable and is comprised, for instance, of a 25 refastenable adhesive coating. In this case the fastening is also comprised of a sparsely configured pattern of discrete gluing points. This fastening may conceivably have the form of mechanical refastenable fasteners, for instance of the hook and loop type, such as Velcro-fasteners. In this case, it is 30 not necessary to provide refastenable fastener means in the central region. Of course, it is possible to include in the pattern of refastenable fastening points fastening points that are destroyed when opening the pant diaper for the first time.

35 It will be apparent from the aforescribed embodiments that the fastening pattern shall extend over a large part of the surface of said material piece so that the load will be spread

over a wide area, therewith enabling the fastenings to be formed in a manner which will enable them to be easily opened without risk of being broken when the pant diaper is in normal use.

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Although the aforescribed embodiments relate solely to pant diapers it will be understood that the invention can also be employed in the case of sanitary panties, i.e. underpants which have formed integrally therewith absorbent bodies which 10 are intended to absorb menstrual fluid or light incontinence fluids.

It will also be understood that the described and illustrated embodiments can be modified within the scope of the invention. 15 For instance, the separation line which divides the piece of material into two separate parts can be replaced by a line of perforations or a tear strip. The edges of the separation line can also be held together by releasable tape or the like. Neither need the piece of material be elastic, since the pant 20 diaper may be provided with conventional waist elastic, e.g. elastic threads which have been mounted in a stretched state between the two casing sheets. Refastenable fastener means of types other than hook and loop types may be used, for instance refastenable adhesive fasteners, shape-bound fasteners that 25 comprise beads and coacting grooves, and so on. The invention is therefore restricted solely by the contents of the following claims.

Claims

1. A pant diaper or a sanitary panty which includes a front part (6;106), a rear part (7;107), and an intermediate crotch part (8;108) and an absorbent body (1;101) enclosed between an inner and an outer casing sheet (2 and 3 respectively;102 and 103 respectively), wherein the front part is detachably joined to the rear part by means of a first fastening (10;110), characterized in that a piece (9;109) of flexible material extends over the front part (6) and is joined thereto over a large part of its surface by means of a first releasable fastening (10;110) which extends on both sides of a centrally located region (11;111) of said piece of material (9;109) from the side edges of said central region (11;111) to respective side edges of said front part (6;106); and in that the piece of material (9;109) is also joined to the rear part (7;107).
2. A pant diaper according to Claim 1, characterized in that the piece of material (9;109) is refastenably fastened to the front part (6;106) by means of a second fastening (15-17;115,116).
3. A pant diaper according to Claim 2, characterized in that the first fastening (10;110) is destroyed when loosening said first fastening.
4. A pant diaper according to Claim 1, 2 or 3, characterized in that the first fastening (10;110) is comprised of a sparsely configured weld or glue pattern.
5. A pant diaper according to Claim 4, characterized in that the fastening pattern is interrupted on both sides of the central region (111) so that the piece of material (109) is unattached to the front part (106) in areas located between the respective side-edge part of the front part (106) and the central region .

6. A pant diaper according to Claim 4 or 5, characterized in that the fastening pattern is denser in the side-edge parts of the front part (6;106) and the upper corner parts of said front part than elsewhere.

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7. A pant diaper according to any one of Claims 1-6, characterized in that the piece of material (9;109) is elastic and is mounted in a stretched state and functions as waist elastic.

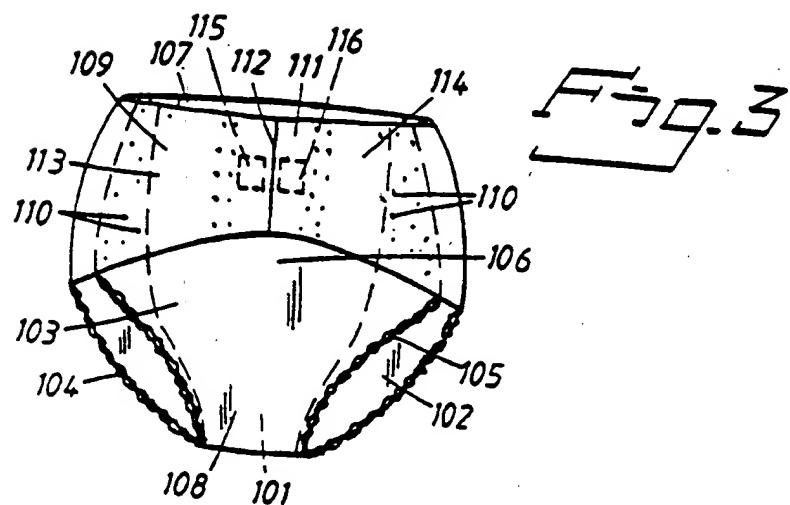
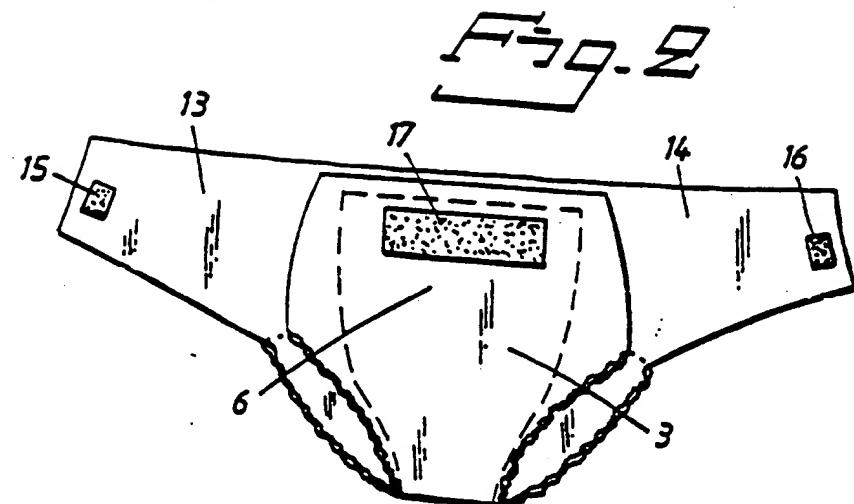
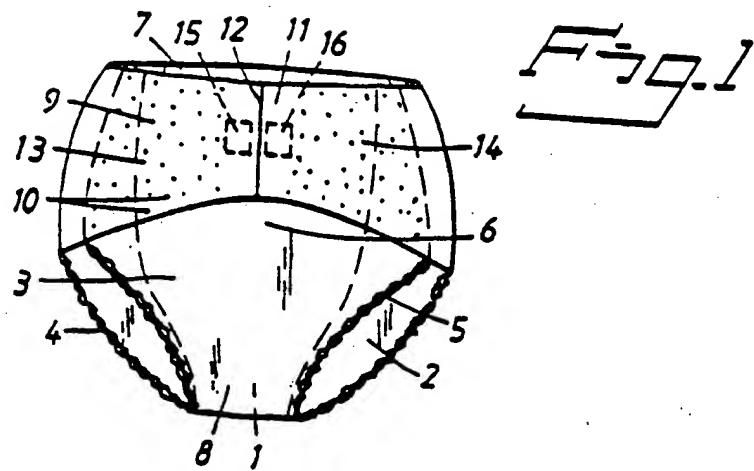
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8. A pant diaper according to any one of Claims 1-7, characterized in that the piece of material (9;109) includes means (12;112) in said central region (11;111) for separating said piece of material into two parts (13, 14;113,114) which extend from the central region to a respective side edge of the pant diaper.

9. A pant diaper according to Claim 8, characterized in that the second refastenable fastening (15-17;115,116) between the piece of material (9;109) and the front part (6;106) is located on both sides of a longitudinal symmetry line of the diaper within said central region (11;111), wherein said fastenings (15, 17 and 16, 17 respectively;115,116) fasten the parts (13, 14;113,114) of the piece of material (9;109) to the front part of the pant diaper.

10. A pant diaper according to Claim 1, characterized in that the first releasable fastening is a refastenable fastening.

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/SE 95/00389

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC6: A61F 13/56 // A61F 13/15

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC6: A61F, A41B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	DE 2731911 A1 (MATHIEU, RENE), 1 February 1979 (01.02.79), figure 3 --- -----	1-10

<input type="checkbox"/>	Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> See patent family annex.
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International application No.

PCT/SE 95/00389

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
DE-A1- 2731911	01/02/79	NONE	